**Supplementary Table 11** Liver/Spleen volumes and PPG reduction in portal hypertensive events (PHE) vs. hepatic encephalopathy (HE) subgroups

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Variables** | **PHE group (n = 38)** | **HE group (n = 14)** | ***P*** |
| Right hepatic lobe volume/ [100 cm3, M (Q₁, Q₃)] | 4.70 (3.61, 5.63) | 3.85 (3.47, 5.01) | 0.247 |
| Spleen Volume/ [100 cm3, M (Q₁, Q₃)] | 10.85 (9.17, 15.81) | 9.58 (7.65, 12.02) | 0.101 |
| Reduction of PPG by TIPS/ [(%), Mean ± SD] | 58.39 ± 10.04 | 60.98 ± 9.83 | 0.411 |

Data are presented as mean ± standard deviation (SD) for normally distributed variables and median (Q₁, Q₃) for non-normally distributed variables. PPG: Portal Pressure Gradient. PHE (portal hypertensive events) includes ascites, variceal hemorrhage, and spontaneous bacterial peritonitis (SBP). HE: hepatic encephalopathy.