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| **Supplementary Table 8. PAFs% (95% CIs) for incident nonalcoholic fatty liver disease by smoking status†** | | | | |
| **Smoking status** | **Scenario definition** | **UK Biobank** |  | **Nanjing Health Examination Cohort** |
|  | **PAF% (95% CI)** |  | **PAF% (95% CI)** |
| Passive smoker |  |  |  |  |
| Whole population | If passive smokers were not exposed to secondhand smoke. | 5.70 (3.40,7.95) |  | 4.37 (1.27,7.37) |
| Male | 2.67 (−0.83,6.06) |  | 2.33 (−1.34,5.86) |
| Female | 8.25 (5.19,11.22) |  | 7.91 (2.28,13.21) |
| Former smoker |  |  |  |  |
| Whole population | If former smokers have never smoked before. | 7.76 (5.03,10.41) |  | 1.09 (−1.19,3.31) |
| Male | 10.25 (6.23,14.11) |  | 3.77 (0.86,6.60) |
| Female | 5.87 (2.21,9.39) |  | NA‡ |
| Current smoker |  |  |  |  |
| Whole population | If current smokers do not have the habit of smoking. | 3.49 (1.96,5.00) |  | 6.17 (2.72,9.49) |
| Male | 2.86 (0.63,5.04) |  | 9.33 (4.94,13.51) |
| Female | 4.20 (2.09,6.27) |  | 0.33 (−0.58,1.24) |
| CI, confidence interval; PAF, population attributable fraction. | | | | |
| **†**Analysis was adjusted for age, sex (only in whole population), ethnicity, physical activity, education level, and drinking status. | | | | |
| **‡** NA, no meaningful PAR% estimate was obtained because the estimated odds ratio for this factor in the model had a negative coefficient. | | | | |