

Supplementary Table S2. Type distribution of bacterial infection.

	ACLF (n=198)	Non-ACLF (n=132)
Pulmonary infection, n (%)	140 (70.71)	94 (71.21)
Urinary tract infection, n (%)	5 (2.53)	4 (3.03)
Spontaneous bacterial peritonitis, n (%)	31 (15.66)	17 (12.88)
Spontaneous bacteremia, n (%)	8 (4.04)	2 (1.52)
Skin and soft tissue infection, n (%)	4 (2.02)	2 (1.52)
Other infections, n (%)	10 (5.05)	13 (9.85)
Pathogens isolated from infected patients with bacterial culture		
Microbiologically confirmed cases	ACLF (n=82)	Non-ACLF (n=66)
Gram stain positive, n (%)	28 (34.15)	16 (24.24)
Gram stain negative, n (%)	44 (53.66)	38 (57.58)
Mixed infections, n (%)	10 (12.20)	12 (18.18)

Note: ACLF, acute-on-chronic liver failure.